

Second Regular Session
Sixty-eighth General Assembly
STATE OF COLORADO

INTRODUCED

LLS NO. 12-0225.01 Richard Sweetman x4333

SENATE BILL 12-068

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

Guzman,

HOUSE SPONSORSHIP

Massey,

Senate Committees

Agriculture, Natural Resources, and Energy

House Committees

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING PROHIBITING THE INCLUSION OF INDUSTRIALLY
102 PRODUCED TRANS FATS IN FOODS MADE AVAILABLE TO
103 STUDENTS BY PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <http://www.leg.state.co.us/billsummaries>.)

The bill prohibits a public school or institute charter school from making available to a student a food item that contains any amount of industrially produced trans fat. The prohibition applies to all food and beverages made available to a student on school grounds during each

Shading denotes HOUSE amendment. Double underlining denotes SENATE amendment.
Capital letters indicate new material to be added to existing statute.
Dashes through the words indicate deletions from existing statute.

school day and extended school day, including but not limited to a food or beverage item made available to a student in a school cafeteria, school store, vending machine, or other food service entity existing upon school grounds or through any fundraising effort conducted by one or more students, teachers, or parents.

1 *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:*

2 **SECTION 1. Legislative declaration.** (1) The general assembly
3 hereby finds and declares that:

4 (a) Dietary intake of trans fats raises the risk of cardiovascular
5 disease by raising the levels of low-density lipoprotein, also known as
6 "bad cholesterol, and lowering the levels of high-density lipoprotein, also
7 known as "good cholesterol, in one's body;

8 (b) There is an important need to reduce cardiovascular disease
9 risk in the United States;

10 (c) Approximately eighty percent of the trans fats in a person's
11 diet come from industrially-produced sources and can be identified on an
12 ingredients label as "partially-hydrogenated fats" or "vegetable oils";

13 (d) Industrial food providers have developed trans-fat-free
14 alternatives for use in the United States food supply;

15 (e) The reduction of trans-fats in a person's diet should be
16 considered within the context of an overall healthy lifestyle including
17 regular physical activity; moderate food portion sizes; low intakes of
18 saturated fat, cholesterol, sodium, and added sugars; and higher intakes
19 of nutrient-rich foods such as whole grains, fruits, vegetables, and
20 seafood; and

21 (f) The reduction of trans-fats in one's diet should not lead to
22 unintended consequences, such as replacing trans-fats with greater intakes
23 of saturated fats.

1 **SECTION 2.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, **add** 22-32-136.3 as
2 follows:

3 **22-32-136.3. Children's nutrition - no trans fats in school foods**

4 **- definitions - rules.** (1) AS USED IN THIS SECTION, UNLESS THE CONTEXT
5 OTHERWISE REQUIRES:

6 (a) "EXTENDED SCHOOL DAY" MEANS THE SCHOOL DAY, PLUS ANY
7 ADDITIONAL TIME THAT A STUDENT SPENDS ON SCHOOL GROUNDS BEFORE
8 OR AFTER THE SCHOOL DAY FOR THE PURPOSE OF PARTICIPATING IN A
9 SCHOOL-SANCTIONED EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITY OR CHILD CARE
10 PROGRAM.

11 (b) "INDUSTRIALLY PRODUCED TRANS FAT" MEANS VEGETABLE
12 SHORTENING, MARGARINE, OR ANY TYPE OF PARTIALLY HYDROGENATED
13 VEGETABLE OIL THAT CONTAINS MORE THAN ZERO GRAMS OF TRANS FAT
14 PER SERVING AS LABELED.

15 (c) "PUBLIC SCHOOL" MEANS A SCHOOL OF A SCHOOL DISTRICT, A
16 DISTRICT CHARTER SCHOOL, OR A BOARD OF COOPERATIVE SERVICES.

17 (d) "SCHOOL DAY" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN
18 SECTION 22-32-136.

19 (2) ON AND AFTER SEPTEMBER 1, 2012, A PUBLIC SCHOOL SHALL
20 NOT:

21 (a) MAKE AVAILABLE TO A STUDENT ANY FOOD OR BEVERAGE
22 THAT CONTAINS ANY AMOUNT OF INDUSTRIALLY PRODUCED TRANS FAT;
23 OR

24 (b) USE A FOOD THAT CONTAINS ANY INDUSTRIALLY PRODUCED
25 TRANS FAT IN THE PREPARATION OF A FOOD ITEM OR BEVERAGE THAT IS
26 INTENDED FOR CONSUMPTION BY A STUDENT.

27 (3) THE PROHIBITION DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS

1 SECTION APPLIES TO ALL FOOD AND BEVERAGES MADE AVAILABLE TO A
2 STUDENT ON SCHOOL GROUNDS DURING EACH SCHOOL DAY AND
3 EXTENDED SCHOOL DAY, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO A FOOD OR
4 BEVERAGE ITEM MADE AVAILABLE TO A STUDENT IN A SCHOOL CAFETERIA,
5 SCHOOL STORE, VENDING MACHINE, OR OTHER FOOD SERVICE ENTITY
6 EXISTING UPON SCHOOL GROUNDS OR THROUGH ANY FUNDRAISING EFFORT
7 CONDUCTED BY ONE OR MORE STUDENTS, TEACHERS, OR PARENTS.

8 (4) THE PROHIBITION DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS
9 SECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO ANY FOOD OR BEVERAGE THAT IS MADE
10 AVAILABLE TO A STUDENT AS PART OF A MEAL PROGRAM OF THE UNITED
11 STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

12 (5) THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION MAY PROMULGATE SUCH
13 RULES AS ARE NECESSARY FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF THIS SECTION.

14 **SECTION 3.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, **add 22-30.5-523** as
15 follows:

16 **22-30.5-523. Institute charter schools - children's nutrition -**
17 **no trans fats in school foods - definitions - rules.** (1) AS USED IN THIS
18 SECTION, UNLESS THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:

19 (a) "EXTENDED SCHOOL DAY" MEANS THE SCHOOL DAY, PLUS ANY
20 ADDITIONAL TIME THAT A STUDENT SPENDS ON SCHOOL GROUNDS BEFORE
21 OR AFTER THE SCHOOL DAY FOR THE PURPOSE OF PARTICIPATING IN A
22 SCHOOL-SANCTIONED EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITY OR CHILD CARE
23 PROGRAM.

24 (b) "INDUSTRIALLY PRODUCED TRANS FAT" MEANS VEGETABLE
25 SHORTENING, MARGARINE, OR ANY TYPE OF PARTIALLY HYDROGENATED
26 VEGETABLE OIL THAT CONTAINS MORE THAN ZERO GRAMS OF TRANS FAT
27 PER SERVING.

1 (c) "SCHOOL DAY" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS SET FORTH IN
2 SECTION 22-32-136.

3 (2) ON AND AFTER SEPTEMBER 1, 2012, NEITHER THE STATE
4 CHARTER SCHOOL INSTITUTE NOR ANY INSTITUTE CHARTER SCHOOL
5 SHALL:

6 (a) MAKE AVAILABLE TO A STUDENT ANY FOOD THAT CONTAINS A
7 AMOUNT OF INDUSTRIALLY PRODUCED TRANS FAT; OR

8 (b) USE A FOOD THAT CONTAINS AN AMOUNT OF INDUSTRIALLY
9 PRODUCED TRANS FAT IN THE PREPARATION OF A FOOD ITEM THAT IS
10 INTENDED FOR CONSUMPTION BY A STUDENT.

11 (3) THE PROHIBITION DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS
12 SECTION APPLIES TO ALL FOOD AND BEVERAGES MADE AVAILABLE TO A
13 STUDENT ON SCHOOL GROUNDS DURING EACH SCHOOL DAY AND
14 EXTENDED SCHOOL DAY, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY FOOD OR
15 BEVERAGE ITEM MADE AVAILABLE TO A STUDENT IN A SCHOOL CAFETERIA,
16 SCHOOL STORE, VENDING MACHINE, OR OTHER FOOD SERVICE ENTITY
17 EXISTING UPON SCHOOL GROUNDS OR THROUGH ANY FUNDRAISING EFFORT
18 CONDUCTED BY ONE OR MORE STUDENTS, TEACHERS, OR PARENTS.

19 (4) THE PROHIBITION DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS
20 SECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO ANY FOOD OR BEVERAGE THAT IS MADE
21 AVAILABLE TO A STUDENT AS PART OF A MEAL PROGRAM OF THE UNITED
22 STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

23 (5) THE STATE CHARTER SCHOOL INSTITUTE MAY PROMULGATE
24 SUCH RULES AS ARE NECESSARY FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF THIS
25 SECTION.

26 **SECTION 4. Act subject to petition - effective date.** This act
27 takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the

1 ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly (August
2 7, 2012, if adjournment sine die is on May 9, 2012); except that, if a
3 referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the
4 state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act
5 within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take effect
6 unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in
7 November 2012 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the
8 official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.